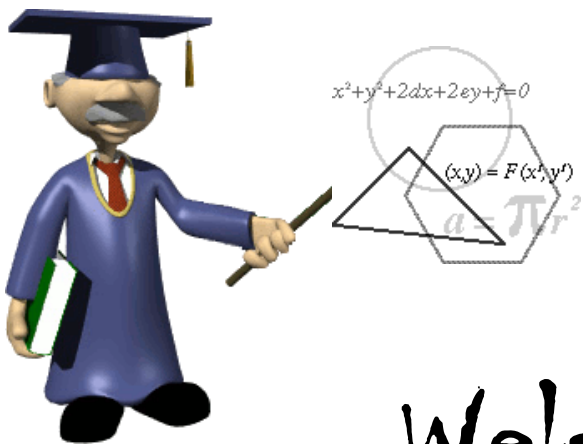


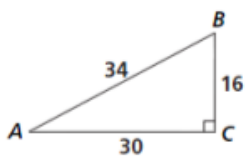
L9.3



Welcome Back!

<b>Lesson Quiz</b>	<b>Lesson 9-2</b>
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Use this figure for Exercises 1 and 2.



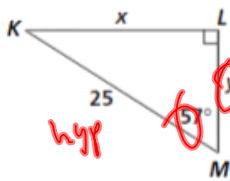
Handwritten notes for Exercise 1 and 2:

$$\frac{16}{34} = \frac{8}{17}$$

$$\frac{30}{34} = \frac{15}{17}$$

1. Write the ratios for  $\sin A$  and  $\sin B$ .
2. Write the ratios for  $\cos A$  and  $\cos B$ .

Use this figure for Exercises 3 and 4.



Handwritten notes for Exercise 3:

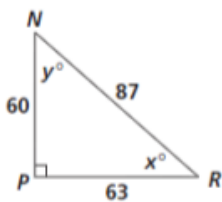
$$\sin 57^\circ = \frac{y}{25}$$

Handwritten notes for Exercise 4:

$$\cos 57^\circ = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{x}{25} = 13.6$$

3. Find  $x$  to the nearest tenth.
4. Find  $y$  to the nearest tenth.

Use this figure for Exercises 5 and 6.



5. Find  $x$  to the nearest degree.
6. Find  $y$  to the nearest degree.

Handwritten notes for Exercise 5 and 6:

$$44^\circ$$

$$46^\circ$$

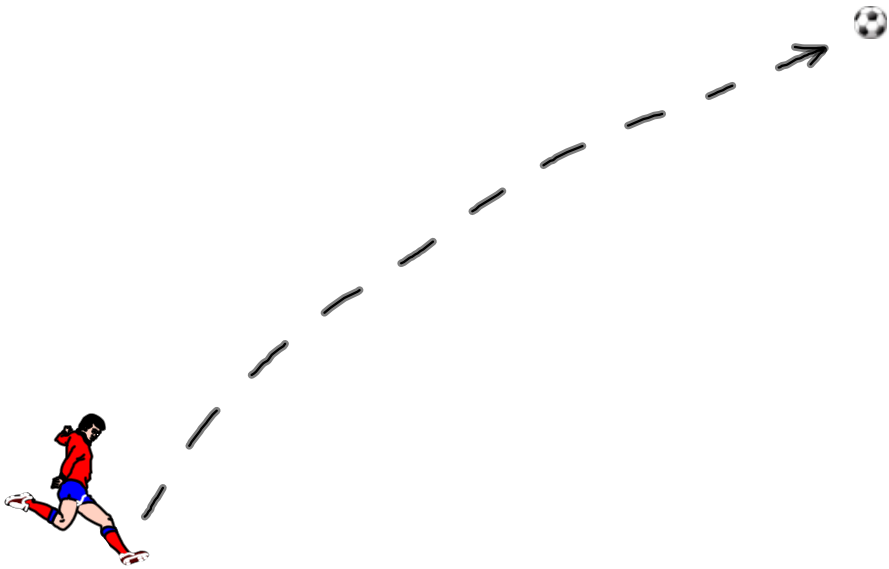
$$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$$

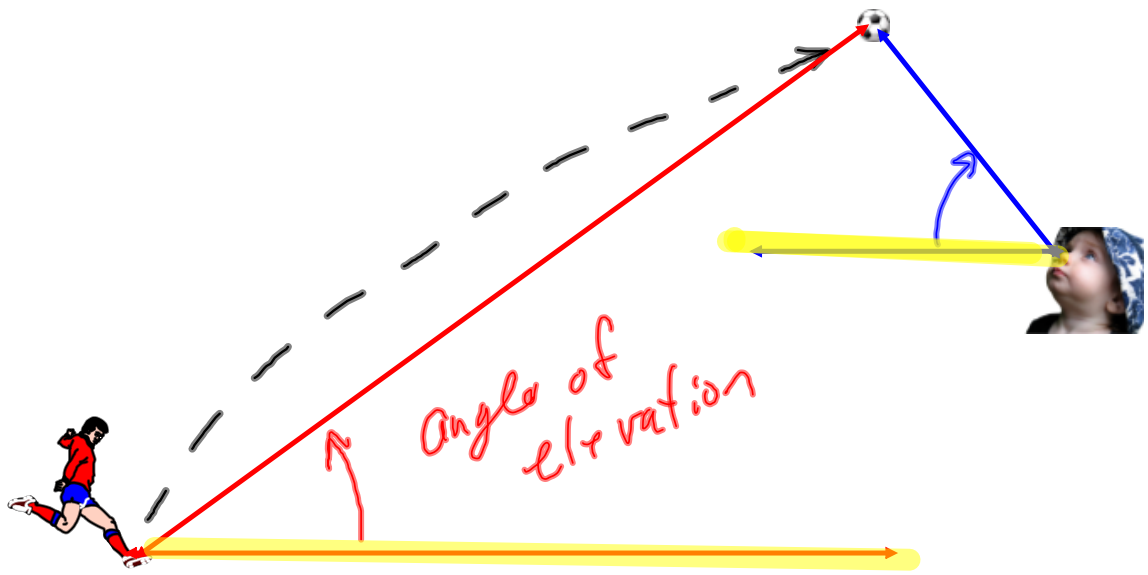
$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} * \sqrt{3}$$

$$\cos 30^\circ = \sqrt{3} \sin 30^\circ$$





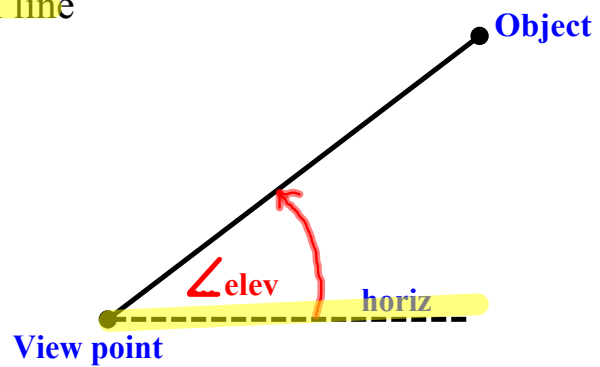




## Defn: Angle of Elevation

L9.3

Angle measured from a horizontal line through the view point up to the object above it.

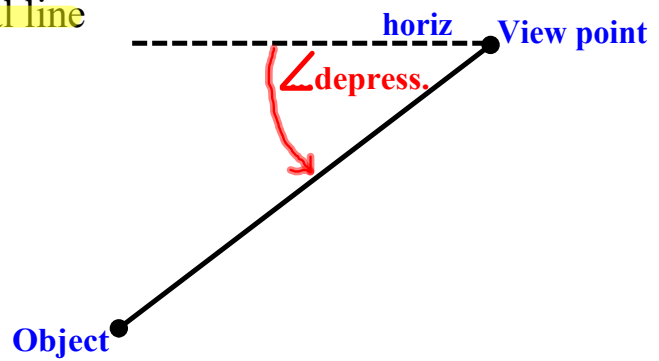




## Defn: Angle of Depression

L9.3

Angle measured from a horizontal line through the view point down to the object below it.



## Identifying $\angle$ 's of Elev or Depression

L9.3

\*\*\* From / to relationship \*\*\*

From the viewpoint

to \_\_\_\_\_

relative to \_\_\_\_\_ thru \_\_\_\_\_.

## Identifying $\angle$ 's of Elev or Depression

L9.3

\*\*\* From / to relationship \*\*\*

From the viewpoint  
to the object

relative to \_\_\_\_\_ thru \_\_\_\_\_.

## Identifying $\angle$ 's of Elev or Depression

L9.3

\*\*\* From / to relationship \*\*\*

From the viewpoint  
to the object  
relative to horiz. line thru \_\_\_\_\_.

## Identifying $\angle$ 's of Elev or Depression

L9.3

\*\*\* From / to relationship \*\*\*

From the viewpoint  
to the object  
relative to horiz. line thru viewpt.

## Identifying $\angle$ 's of Elev or Depression

L9.3

\*\*\* From / to relationship \*\*\*

From the viewpoint  
to the object  
relative to horiz. line thru viewpt.

Elevation: object is \_\_\_\_\_

Depression: object is \_\_\_\_\_

## Identifying $\angle$ 's of Elev or Depression

L9.3

\*\*\* From / to relationship \*\*\*

From the viewpoint  
to the object  
relative to horiz. line thru viewpt.

Elevation: object is ABOVE

Depression: object is \_\_\_\_\_

## Identifying $\angle$ 's of Elev or Depression

L9.3

\*\*\* From / to relationship \*\*\*

From the viewpoint  
to the object  
relative to horiz. line thru viewpt.

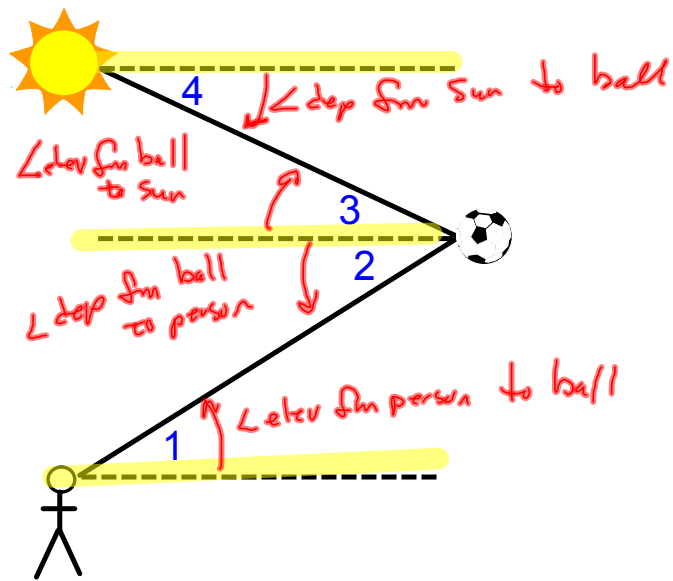
Elevation: object is ABOVE

Depression: object is BELOW



Describe each angle...

L9.3



Look @ probs #9-12 pg 484...

L9.3

How do they relate to this lesson?

Look @ probs #9-12 pg 484...

L9.3

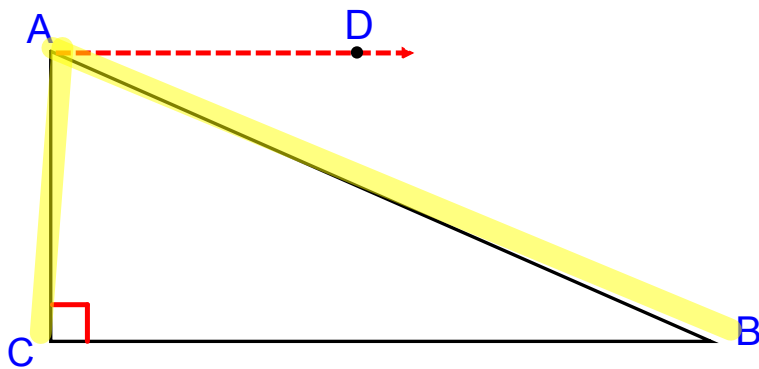
How do they relate to this lesson?

We can form a right  $\Delta$  using the  $\angle$  of elev/depression...  
...then use trig to solve for missing parts.

## Common error...

$\angle ABC$  is an angle of elevation.

$\angle CAB$  is **NOT** an angle of depression!!!

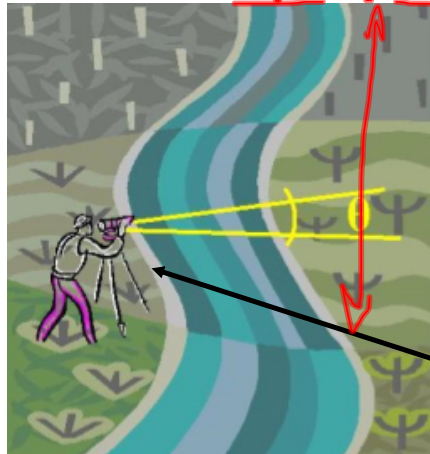


$\angle DAB$  is **IS** an angle of depression.

How this stuff is used in real life... L9.3



Theodolite

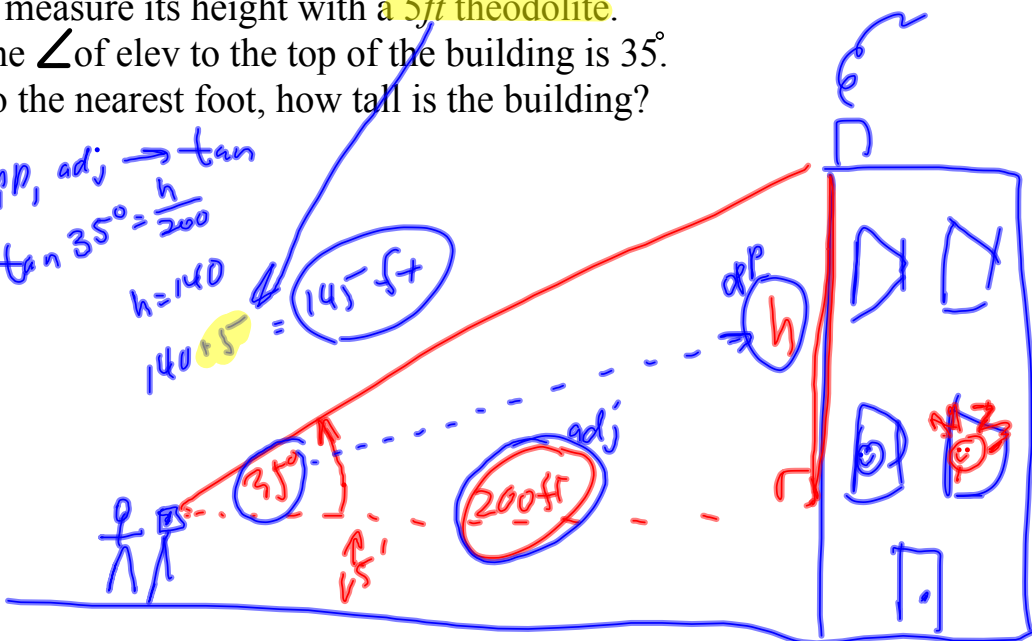


Surveyors

## Example

A surveyor stands 200ft from a building to measure its height with a 5ft theodolite. The  $\angle$  of elev to the top of the building is  $35^\circ$ . To the nearest foot, how tall is the building?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{opp, adj} &\rightarrow \tan \\ \tan 35^\circ &= \frac{h}{200} \\ h &= 140 \\ 140 + 5 &= \end{aligned}$$



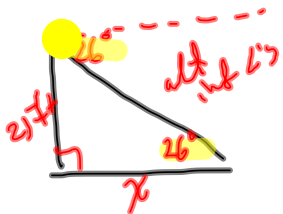
1

Practice...

L9.3

pg 484 #14, 15

(14)

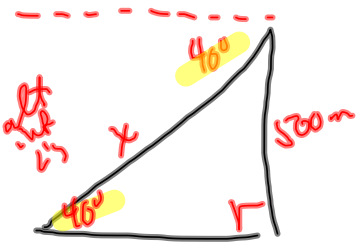


alt. int.  $26^\circ$

$x = 51.3 \text{ ft}$

$\tan 26^\circ = \frac{25}{x}$

(15)



alt. int.  $40^\circ$

$500 \text{ m}$

$x = 777.9 \text{ m}$

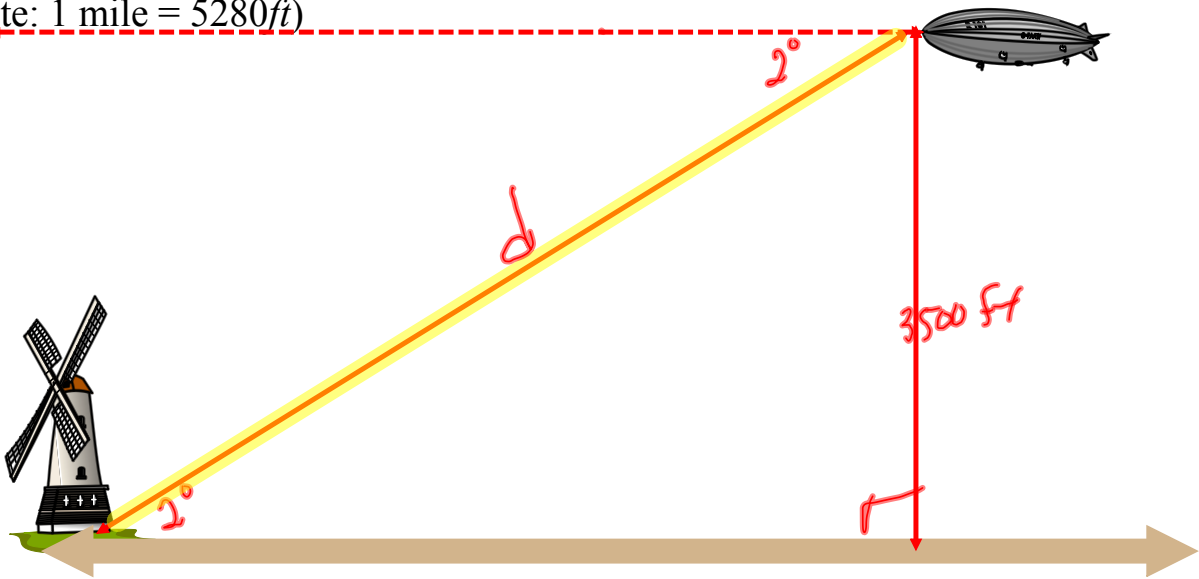
$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{500}{x}$

777.86  $\begin{matrix} \nearrow 35^\circ \\ \searrow 45^\circ \end{matrix}$

777.9

## Example

An airplane flying 3500ft above ground begins a  $2^\circ$  descent to land at an airport. How many miles from the airport is the plane when it begins its descent? (note: 1 mile = 5280ft)



2



## L9.3 HW Problems

Pg 484 #1-21, 23, 28, 33, 34